

Original instructions



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Foreword

General

General

About these operating instructions

These operating instructions describe daily operation of the tugger train in detail and can be used as a source of information by both new and trained operators.

The operating instructions are not intended to be a technical or service manual. For technical or maintenance issues that are not covered in these operating instructions, please contact your authorised service centre.

Manufactured by:

LR Intralogistik GmbH

Siemensstraße 15

84109 Wörth an der Isar

Germany

Distribution and service by:

STILL GmbH

Berzeliusstr. 4

22113 Hamburg

Germany



Issue date and topicality

The issue date of these operating instructions can be found on the title page.

STILL makes continuous efforts to enhance and improve its trucks. These operating instructions are subject to change, and any claims based on the information and/or illustrations contained in them cannot be asserted.

If you require technical support for the vehicle, please contact the authorised service centre.

Have a good trip, your partner

STILL GmbH

Berzeliusstr. 10

22113 Hamburg, Germany

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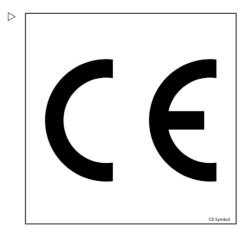
These instructions must not be reproduced, translated or made accessible to third parties—including as excerpts—except with the express written approval of the manufacturer.

CE labelling

The manufacturer uses CE labelling to indicate that the frame complies with the standards and regulations valid at the time the frame was placed on the market. Compliance is confirmed by the issue of an EC declaration of conformity. The CE labelling is attached to the nameplate.

An unauthorised structural change or addition to the frame can compromise safety, thus invalidating the EC declaration of conformity.

The EC declaration of conformity must be carefully stored and made available to the relevant authorities.





General

EC declaration of conformity in accordance with Machinery Directive

	Declaration			
LR Intralogistik GmbH Siemensstraße 15 84109 Wörth an der Isar				
We declare that the				
Device description:	Corresponding to these operating instructions			
Device type:	Corresponding to these operating instructions			
conforms to the latest version of the Mar	chinery Directive 2006/42/EC.			
Personnel authorised to compile the tec	hnical documents:			
See EC declaration of conformity				
LR Intralogistik GmbH				



Information about the documentation

Copyright and trademark rights

These instructions must not be reproduced, translated or made accessible to third parties—including as excerpts—except with the express written approval of the manufacturer.

Explanation of information symbols used

A DANGER

Indicates procedures that must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent the risk of fatalities.

A WARNING

Indicates procedures that must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent the risk of injuries.

A CAUTION

Indicates procedures that must be strictly adhered to in order to prevent material damage and/or destruction.

For technical requirements that require special attention.

😉 ENVIRONMENT NOTE

To prevent environmental damage.

Terms and definitions

Chassis

The chassis is a trailer for picking up loads.

It is suitable for holding trolleys of all sizes.

The frame must be lifted to ensure safe, low-noise transportation. Depending on the design, this operation can be carried out using a hydraulic, pneumatic or electrical system. The tow tractor for the frames must therefore



Information about the documentation

be fitted either with a suitable hydraulic power unit, air compressor or electrical system.

"Self-sufficient" chassis

When using a "self-sufficient" chassis, neither a hydraulic unit nor an air compressor is required. These chassis can raise and lower their load without the need for a hydraulic or pneumatic supply.

Operating principle: One load wheel on the frame drives one pump with a tank. The generated oil pressure is stored in a spring accumulator. This oil pressure is used to raise the load and is fed back into the tank when the load is lowered.

The "self-sufficient" model is only available for E chassis.

Articulated steering system

An articulated steering system consists of a rigid tiller and a hinged tiller. The articulated steering system allows driving on ramps and stabilises the tugger train in the vertical plane - prevents the frames from rocking.

Hinged tiller

The hinged tiller connects two articulated frame steering rigs and the tow tractor to a tugger train.

Compensating hinge

The compensating hinge is fitted to the first articulated frame steering rig as a holding fixture for the hinged tiller on the second articulated frame steering rig.

Trolley

A rolling platform is pushed into the frame for transportation. Depending on the design of the "trolley" and of the frame, a frame can hold one or more trolleys.



Tugger train

The unit consisting of the frames and a tow tractor is known as the "tugger train".

Environmental considerations

Packaging

When the chassis are delivered, certain parts are packaged to provide protection during transportation. This packaging must be removed completely prior to commissioning.

😉 ENVIRONMENT NOTE

The packaging material must be properly disposed of after delivery of the chassis.

Disposal of units and hydraulic oil

It may be necessary to exchange units as part of maintenance work. Exchanged units must then be disposed of.

A chassis is made of different materials. Each of these materials must be

- · disposed of,
- · treated or
- recycled in accordance with regional and national regulations.

😉 ENVIRONMENT NOTE

We recommend working with a waste management company for disposal of hydraulic oil or other hazardous materials.



Environmental considerations



Introduction

Use of the tugger train

Use of the tugger train

Intended use

The frames are intended solely for the following purpose:

- Picking up and transporting trolleys loaded with equipment in order to transport them to a workplace and replace them with empty trolleys
- A frame must only be loaded with the trolleys intended for this purpose
- A B frame, C frame or E frame may only be pulled by a suitably equipped (pneumatic/hydraulic/electrical) tow tractor (not by a truck!)
- An autarkic E frame may only be pulled by an appropriate tow tractor (not by a truck!).

WARNING

The frames are designed for a maximum speed of 15 km/h.

If a tow tractor is used that can travel faster than 15 km/h, its maximum speed must be limited to 15 km/h in order to guarantee safe operation of the chassis.

The chassis may only be used for its proper purpose as set out and described in these operating instructions!

If the chassis is to be used for purposes other than those specified in the operating instructions, the approval of the manufacturer and, if applicable, the relevant regulatory authorities must be obtained beforehand to prevent hazards.

Improper use

The operating company or driver, and not the manufacturer, is liable for any hazards caused by improper use.

Use for purposes other than those described in these operating instructions is prohibited.

 A chassis may not be operated in areas where there is a risk of fire, explosion or



corrosion, or in areas that are particularly dusty.

- A chassis must not be loaded or unloaded on slopes or ramps.
- · Transportation of people is prohibited

Requirements for the tow tractor

General requirements

The tow tractor must have a steered front axle.

The maximum speed of the tow tractor must be limited to 15 km/h.

The towing jaws of the tow tractor must correspond with the LR standard:

- C frames: Rockinger towing jaws RO244-2
- B frames and E frames: bolt = 28.5 mm, vertical play = 70 mm

It must be ensured that the tow tractor cannot be moved before all frames are fully raised.

Hydraulic C frame

- The maximum permitted tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 16,000 N
- A suitable hydraulic power unit with the following properties must be fitted to the tow tractor: operating pressure: 180 - 200 bar; flow rate: approx. 10 l/min; coupling in accordance with ISO 16028
- There must be at least 2 litres of hydraulic oil (HLP46) in the hydraulic system
- The hydraulic connection must be fitted close to the tow coupling of the tow tractor

Hydraulic B frames and E frames

- The maximum permitted tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 2,000 N With a reinforced hinged tiller (UPA), the maximum tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 5000 N
- A suitable hydraulic power unit with the following properties must be fitted to the

tow tractor: operating pressure: 180 - 200 bar; flow rate: approx. 10 l/min; coupling in accordance with ISO 16028

• There must be at least 2 litres of hydraulic oil (HLP46) in the hydraulic system

Pneumatic E frame

- The maximum permitted tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 2,000 N With a reinforced hinged tiller (UPA), the maximum tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 5000 N
- Depending on the design of the E frames, the tow tractor must have a compressor of the corresponding size:

- For frames with a 600 kg load capacity: 7 bar working pressure

- For frames with a 1000 kg load capacity: 10 bar working pressure

Electrical B frames and E frames

- The maximum permitted tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 2,000 N With a reinforced hinged tiller (UPA), the maximum tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 5000 N
- The tow tractor must have suitable interface
- The tow tractor must have a rechargeable battery with a voltage of 24 V
- The rechargeable battery must be able to provide a current of up to 125 A at 24 V for lifting the frames
- For lowering the frames, the rechargeable battery must be able to store up to 35 A at 25.5 V



Residual risk

Autarkic E frame

 The maximum permitted tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 2,000 N With a reinforced hinged tiller (UPA), the maximum tractive power of the tow tractor must not exceed 5000 N

Residual risk

Residual risk

Residual dangers, residual risks

Despite careful work and compliance with standards and regulations, the occurrence of other risks when using the chassis cannot be entirely excluded.

The chassis and all other system components comply with current safety requirements. Nevertheless, even when the chassis are used for their proper purpose and all the instructions specified here are followed, some residual risk cannot be excluded.

Even beyond the narrow danger areas of the chassis, a residual risk cannot be excluded. Persons in this area must exercise a heightened degree of awareness towards the chassis and the tugger train as a whole, so that they can react immediately in the event of any malfunction, incident or breakdown etc.

WARNING

All persons that are in the vicinity of the chassis must be instructed regarding these risks that arise through use of the chassis.

In addition, attention must be drawn to the safety regulations in these operating instructions.

The risks can include:

- Escape of consumables due to leakages, rupture of lines and containers etc.
- Risk of accident when driving over difficult ground such as gradients, smooth or irregular surfaces, or poor visibility etc.
- Falling or tripping when loading or unloading the Trolleys into or out of the chassis.
- Human error Disregarding safety regulations.
- Risk caused by unrepaired damage.
- Risk caused by insufficient maintenance or testing.
- Risk caused by using the wrong consumables.
- Risk caused by exceeding testing intervals.

The manufacturer is not held responsible for accidents involving a chassis caused by the operating company's intentional or negligent failure to comply with these regulations.

Danger to employees

According to the German workplace safety ordinance (BetrSichVO) and labour protection law (ArbSchG), the operating company must determine and assess hazards during operation, and establish the occupational health and safety measures required for employees. The operating company must therefore draw up appropriate operating procedures (§ 6 ArbSchG) and make them



Residual risk

available to the driver. These operating instructions for the frames do not form the operating procedures. A responsible person must be appointed.

The structure and equipment of the frames correspond to the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and are therefore identified with the CE mark. The operating company must, however, select the frame type and frame equipment so as to comply with the local provisions for deployment.

The result must be documented (§ 6 Arb-SchG). When deployment of the frames involves similar hazard situations, the results may be summarised. This summary is designed to help to meet the requirements of this regulation. The summary specifies the primary hazards that, in the event of non-compliance, are the most frequent causes of accidents. If other major hazards are present as a result of the specific operating conditions, these hazards must also be taken into consideration.

The conditions of use for the frames are broadly similar in many plants, so the hazards can be summarised in one overview. The information provided on this subject by the relevant employers' liability insurance association or national authorities must be observed.



Residual risk

Safety

Definition of terms used for responsible persons

Definition of terms used for responsible persons

Personnel

All operators must:

- Have read and understood these operating instructions.
- Have completed the appropriate operator training
- Observe the basic regulations governing safety at work and accident prevention.

A DANGER

Taking drugs, alcohol or medications that affect the responses of an individual limits the ability of that individual to drive a tugger train!

Individuals under the influence of the aforementioned substances are not permitted to perform any work on or with a tugger train.

Operating company

The operating company is the natural or legal person or group who uses the chassis or on whose authority the chassis are used.

The operating company must ensure that the chassis are used only for their intended purpose, and that they are used in compliance with the safety regulations set out in these operating instructions.

The operating company must ensure that all operators of the chassis read and understand the safety information.

The operating company is responsible for the scheduling and correct performance of regular safety checks.

We recommend that the national performance specifications are adhered to.

The operating company must make personal protective equipment (protective clothing, safety footwear, safety helmet, industrial goggles, gloves) available to the operators of the chassis in accordance with the application conditions.



Basic principles for safe operation

Specialist

A qualified person is defined as a service engineer or a person who fulfils the following requirements:

- A completed vocational qualification that demonstrably proves their professional expertise. This proof should consist of a vocational qualification or a similar document.
- Professional experience indicating that the qualified person has gained practical experience of industrial trucks over a proven period during their career During this time, this person has become familiar with a wide range of symptoms that require checks to be carried out, such as based on the results of a hazard assessment or a daily inspection
- Recent professional involvement in the field of the industrial truck test in question and an appropriate further qualification are essential. The qualified person must have experience of carrying out the test in question or of carrying out similar tests. Moreover, this person must be aware of the latest technological developments regarding the industrial truck to be tested and the risk being assessed

Basic principles for safe operation

Warning regarding non-original parts

The original parts and accessories are designed specifically for the chassis. We specifically draw your attention to the fact that parts and accessories not supplied by the manufacturer have also not been tested or approved by the manufacturer.



Basic principles for safe operation

A CAUTION

Installation and/or use of non-original parts may therefore have a negative impact on the design features of the chassis and thus impair active and/or passive driving safety.

Before installing such parts, we recommend that approval is obtained from the manufacturer. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused by the use of non-original parts and nonapproved accessories.

Changes and retrofitting

Changes to the frames that will adversely affect stability, load capacity and safety systems, among other things, must not be made without the manufacturer's approval.

The frames must not be converted without written approval from the manufacturer. Approval from the relevant authority must be obtained where applicable.

Damage and defects to safety systems

The operator must report any damage or other defects to a chassis to the supervisory personnel immediately.

A chassis that is not functional or safe to drive must not be used until it has been properly repaired.

Do not remove or deactivate safety devices and switches.



Safety regulations for handling consumables

Safety regulations for handling consumables

Oils



- Oils are flammable!
- Follow the statutory regulations.
- Do not allow oils to come into contact with hot engine parts.
- No smoking, fires or naked flames!



A DANGER

Oils are toxic!

- Avoid contact and consumption.
- If vapour or fumes are inhaled, move to fresh air immediately.
- In the event of contact with the eyes, rinse thoroughly (for at least 10 minutes) with water and then consult an eye specialist.
- If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.



Prolonged intensive contact with the skin can result in dryness and irritate the skin!

- Avoid contact and consumption.
- Wear protective gloves.
- After any contact, wash the skin with soap and water, and then apply a skin care product.
- Immediately change soaked clothing and shoes.

WARNING

There is a risk of slipping on spilled oil, particularly when combined with water!

 Spilt oil should be removed immediately with oil-binding agents and disposed of according to the regulations.



Safety regulations for handling consumables

🕸 ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Oil is a water-polluting substance!

- Always store oil in containers that comply with the applicable regulations.
- Avoid spilling oils.

3

- Spilt oil should be removed immediately with oil-binding agents and disposed of according to the regulations.
- Dispose of old oils according to the regulations.

Hydraulic fluid

The following warnings and environmental notes must be observed if the frames are fitted with a hydraulic lifting system.



WARNING

These fluids are pressurised during operation of the truck and are hazardous to your health.

- Do not spill the fluids.
- Follow the statutory regulations.
- Do not allow the fluids to come into contact with hot motor parts.



WARNING

These fluids are pressurised during operation of the truck and are hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of pressurised fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, industrial goggles, skin protection and skin care products).



🕸 ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Hydraulic fluid is a substance hazardous to water.

- Always store hydraulic fluid in containers complying with the regulations.
- Avoid spilling.
- Spilt hydraulic fluid should be removed with oil-binding agents at once and disposed of according to the regulations.
- Dispose of old hydraulic fluid according to the regulations.

Disposal of consumables

ENVIRONMENT NOTE

Materials that accumulate during repair, maintenance and cleaning must be collected properly and disposed of in accordance with the national regulations for the country in which the truck is being used. Work must only be carried out in areas designated for that purpose. Care must be taken to minimise any environmental pollution.

- Soak up any spilt fluids such as hydraulic oil or gearbox oil immediately using an oil-binding agent.
- Neutralise any spilt battery acid immediately.
- Always observe national regulations concerning the disposal of used oil.



Safety regulations for handling consumables



Overviews

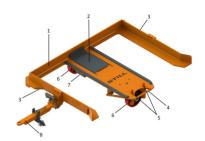
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Overall view

Overall view

E frame

 \triangleright



Frame

1 2

3

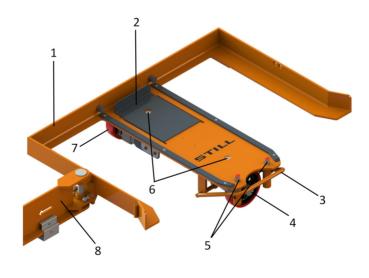
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5

6

- Ejector
- Hydraulic/pneumatic/electrical connection
- Foot pedal
- Securing bolts
- Wheel
- 7 Lifting system8 Tiller (figure she
 - Tiller (figure shows standard tiller)

Autarkic E frame



- 1 Frame
- 2 Ejector
- 3 Foot pedal

Wheel Securing bolts

Screw joint for lift cylinder

STILL

4

5

6

Articulated steering system

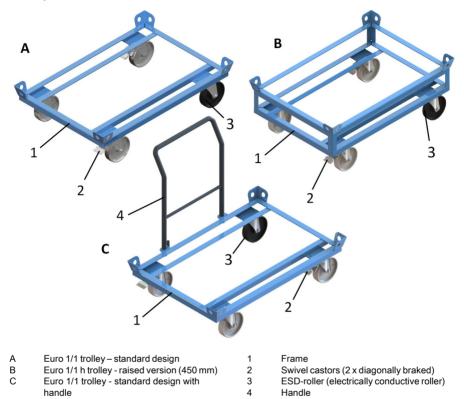




Overall view

Description

Trolleys



Description

E frame

The E frame is a device for picking up and transporting roller platforms, known as trolleys.

Two up to a maximum of five E frames (standard) are connected to the tow tractor and can transport trolleys that are loaded with crates, pallets or similar to the desired workplace.

The trolleys are raised by 40 mm for transportation.

The energy required for the lifting operation is provided by the tow tractor. The frame is





 \triangleright

raised via the axle so that the trolley wheels are freely suspended. Depending on the version, the energy is transferred hydraulically, pneumatically or electrically.

Loading can performed from the left-hand side or the right-hand side, depending on the alignment of the coupling.

Loads are secured automatically by the securing bolts. These bolts are locked by inserting the trolley.

The E frame has an ejector. This ejector is used to remove the trolleys when changing trolleys.

When the foot pedal is actuated, the ejector is moved forward, the securing bolts retract and the trolley is set in motion by the ejector.

The rubber buffers on the frame (only on the autarkic frame) keep the trolley at the optimum distance from the ejector so that the trolley can be removed more easily.

Autarkic E frame



The autarkic E frame is a device for picking up and transporting roller platforms, known as trolleys.

Two or four E frames are connected to a tow tractor. These E frames can transport trolleys loaded with crates, pallets or similar to the desired workplace.

The E frames are lifted by the integrated hydraulic system on the autarkic E frame. When the accumulator is charged, the E frame can be lifted by actuating the ejector.



Description

The required energy is supplied by a hydraulic unit that is installed under the E frame. The accumulator on the hydraulic unit is charged during travel. The hydraulic unit therefore has the required energy to lift and lower the autarkic E frame. The accumulator must then be recharged. Driving the tugger train recharges the accumulator. The pressure required to lift the frame is generated over a distance of < 20 m, depending on the ground conditions.

The trolleys are raised by 40 mm for transportation.

When the trolley is inserted, it is automatically secured against rolling out.

Tugger trains with the autarkic system are always equipped with an articulated steering system (rigid tiller + hinged tiller) for stability reasons. They can consist of two or four E frames (maximum total load of 4 t across the entire train).

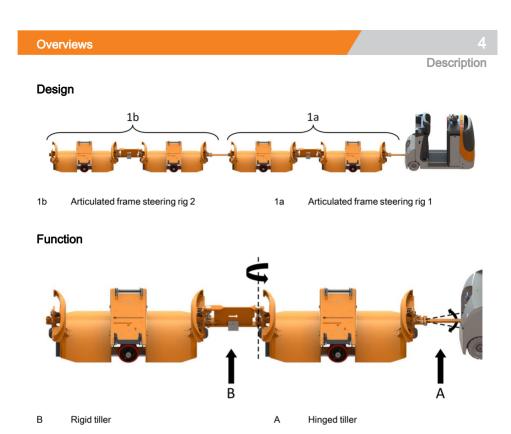
If trains with four autarkic E frames are used, a compensating hinge must be fitted between the second E frame and the third E frame. The autarkic frames are lowered individually for unloading. If the tugger train drives over a chamfer, it may result in not all frames being raised; the compensating hinge prevents the tugger train from twisting in such cases.

Articulated steering system

Design and function

Design and function of the articulated steering system





The articulated steering system allows driving on ramps and stabilises the tugger train in the vertical plane. All frames remain in contact with the ground on ramps. The hinged tiller prevents the frames from being lifted into the air by the tillers when transitioning from level surfaces onto gradients. There is no rocking of the frames.

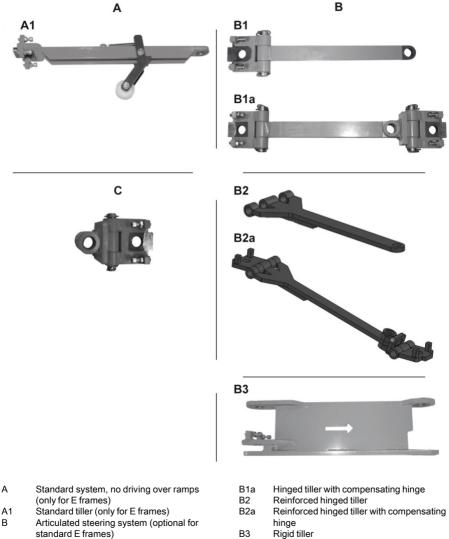


Tiller system

Tiller system

Standard tiller/articulated steering system

Illustration of the tiller systems



Hinged tiller Β1

- B3 Rigid tiller
- С Compensating hinge



Standard system (A) (no driving over ramps)					
		For standard E frames, no driving over ramps			
Standard tiller	(A1)	Between the tow tractor and the first E frame			
		Between the E frames in the standard tugger train			
Articulated steering system (E	8) (driving ov	er ramps)			
Articulated steering system	(B)	Always for B frames and autarkic E frames*			
Hinged tiller (B1/B2)		Between the tow tractor and the first frame*			
Hinged tiller with compensat- ing hinge	(B1a/B2a)	Between two articulated frame steering rigs (2 frames = 1 articulated frame steering rig)**			
Rigid tiller	(B3)	Between two B frames or two autarkic E frames of the articulated steering system*			
Compensating hinge (C)		Between two articulated frame steering rigs for autar- kic E frames, required in addition to hinged tiller**			
*Optional for standard E frame	es				
**Optional for B frames and E	frames				



4

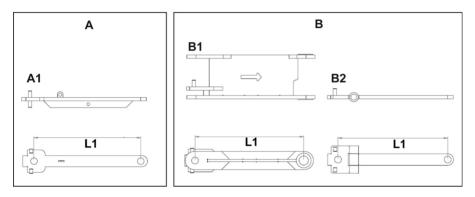
Tiller system

Tiller lengths

General

A tiller of the appropriate length must be attached to the frame in accordance with the table.

Tiller lengths



- A Standard system (standard tiller)
- A1 Standard tiller
- B Articulated steering system (rigid tiller +
- hinged tiller)
- B1 Rigid tiller
- B2 Hinged tiller
- L1 Tiller length

B frames E frames	E frames can hold double loads	B frames can hold triple loads	Tiller length (L1)
1200 x 800	-	800 x 600	478 mm
1200 x 1000	800 x 600	1000 x 600	628 mm
	1000 x 600	-	778 mm

The tiller for each B frame or E frame must be adapted to the width of the preceding frame (when viewed in the drive direction). The frame with the largest dimensions must be placed in the first position in the tugger train, the second-largest frame in the second position, etc. Exception to this rule: As soon as a smaller frame has a higher permissible load capacity, it must be positioned right at the front of the tugger train.



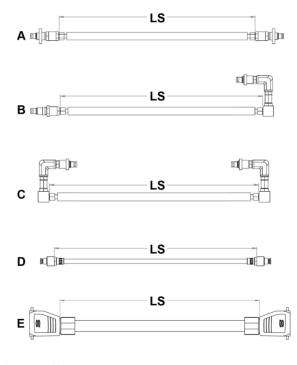
Tiller system

Hose lengths and cable lengths

Long hydraulic hose, pneumatic hose and connecting cable

The length of the hoses and cables are to be selected depending on the tiller length, as per the table.

Overview



- A Connection hose, routed above
- B Connection hose to the tow tractor, routed below
- C Connection hose between E frames, routed below
- D Pneumatic connection hose
- D Connecting cable for electrical system



4

Tiller system

Hydraulics	Hose length LS	Tiller length
	1250 mm	478 mm
A	1500 mm	628 mm
	1500 mm	778 mm
	1300 mm	478 mm
В	1400 mm	628 mm
	1400 mm	778 mm
	720 mm	478 mm
С	840 mm	628 mm
	1050 mm	778 mm
Pneumatics (E frame only)	Hose length LS	Tiller length
	1030 mm	478 mm
D	1150 mm	628 mm
	1500 mm	778 mm
Electrical system, between the tow tractor and a frame	Cable length LS	Tiller length
_	1170 mm	478 mm
D	1320 mm 628 mm	
Electrical system, between two frames	Cable length LS	Tiller length
D	896 mm	478 mm
ט	1046 mm	628 mm



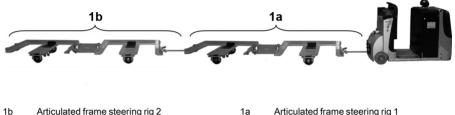
Articulated steering system

Design and function

Design and function of the articulated steering system

Desian

Function



Articulated frame steering rig 2

1a Articulated frame steering rig 1

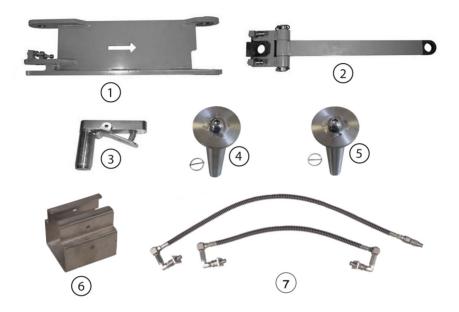
B Rigid tiller А Hinged tiller

В

The articulated steering system allows driving on ramps and stabilises the tugger train in the vertical plane. All frames remain in contact with the ground on ramps. The hinged tiller prevents the frames from being lifted into the air by the tillers when transitioning from level surfaces onto gradients.



Components for two frames - hydraulic system

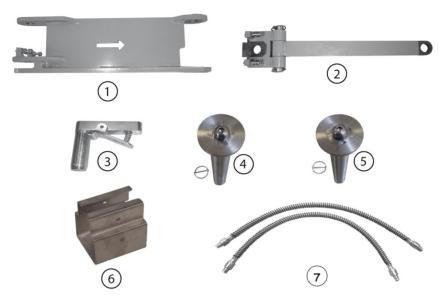


lte- m	Quan- tity	Unit	Name
1	1	Piece	Rigid tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
2	1	Piece	Hinged tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
3	2	Piece	Alignment bolt (only one required for assembly)
4	1	Piece	Socket pin with linch pin
5	1	Piece	Socket pin with the marking "5" and linch pin
6	1	Piece	Line holding fixture
7	2	Piece	Hydraulic hose with rotation lock; image shows a hydraulic hose to the tow tractor (top) and a hydraulic hose between frames (bottom)

i NOTE



Components for two E frames - pneumatic system



Item	Quan- tity	Unit	Designation
1	1	Piece	Rigid tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
2	1	Piece	Hinged tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
3	2	Piece	Alignment bolt (only one required for assembly)
4	1	Piece	Socket pin with linch pin
5	1	Piece	Socket pin with the marking "5" and linch pin
6	1	Piece	Line holding fixture
7	2	Piece	Pneumatic hose

i NOTE



Components for two frames - electrical system



lte- m	Quan- tity	Unit	Name
1	1	Piece	Rigid tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
2	1	Piece	Hinged tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
3	2	Piece	Alignment bolt (only one required for assembly)
4	1	Piece	Socket pin with linch pin
5	1	Piece	Socket pin with the marking "5" and linch pin
6	1	Piece	Line holding fixture
7	2	Piece	Electrical connecting cable, image shows a connecting cable between the frames, the connecting cable to the tow tractor is longer

I NOTE



Components for two autarkic E frames



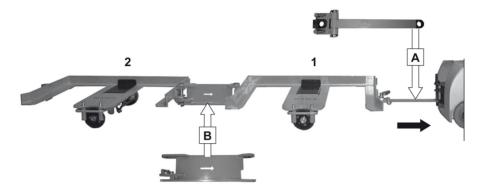
lte- m	Quan- tity	Unit	Designation
1	1	Piece	Rigid tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
2	1	Piece	Hinged tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts
3	2	Piece	Alignment bolt (only one required for assembly)
4	1	Piece	Socket pin with linch pin
5	1	Piece	Socket pin with the marking "5" and linch pin

i NOTE



Rigid tiller and hinged tiller (two frames)

Positioning the rigid tiller and the hinged tiller on B frames and E frames



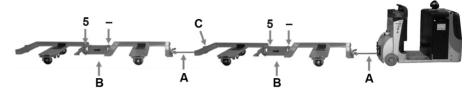
- 1 First frame
- 2 Second frame
- A Hinged tiller
- B Rigid tiller
- ⇒ Drive direction

For an overview, also refer to the chapter entitled "Tugger train combinations/Overview".



Construction overview

Articulated steering system for B and E frames (2 rigs/2+2 frames)



- A Hinged tiller
- B Rigid tiller
- C Compensating hinge (required for autarkic and reinforced hinged tiller, otherwise optional)
- 5 Socket pin with the marking "5"
- Unmarked socket pin

The socket pin with the marking **5** has a smaller diameter. It must always be fitted to the rear bolted end of the rigid tiller.

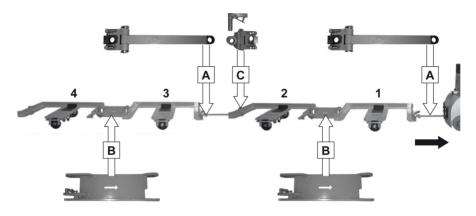




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Rigid tiller, hinged tiller and compensating hinge (2+2 frames)

Positioning the rigid tiller, the hinged tiller and the compensating hinge on ${\sf B}$ and ${\sf E}$ frames



В

С

⇒

- 1 First frame
- 2 Second frame
- 3 Third frame
- 4 Fourth frame
- A Hinged tiller

Rigid tiller

Compensating hinge (only required for

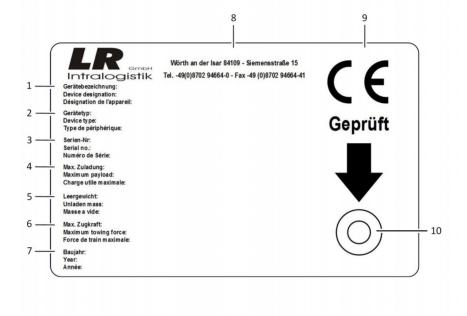
- autarkic, otherwise optional)
- Drive direction

For an overview, also refer to the chapter entitled "Tugger-train combinations/Overview".



Labelling points

Identification plate



- 1 Device designation
- 2 Device type
- 3 Serial no.
- 4 Max. load
- 5 Tare weight

- Max. pulling force Year of manufacture Manufacturer contact
- 8 Manufactur
 9 CE symbol

6

7

10 Inspection sticker

The frame can be identified from the information on the nameplate.



Labelling points

Overview

Position of the identification plate



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Overview

Frame	Tiller	Permissible number of frames ³⁾	Load	Tiller length	Arrange- ment	Driving over ramps
D fao an a a	Rigid +	2 (1+1)	See identification	1)	2)	Yes
B frames	hinged*	4 (2+2)	plate ⁴⁾	,		
		1				
0.6		2	See	1)	2)	Yes
C frame	Standard	3	plate	.,		
		4	1			
	Standard	2	See identification plate ⁴⁾	1)	2)	No
		3				
E frame		4				
		5	See identification plate ⁴⁾			
	Rigid +	2 (1+1)		1)	2)	Yes
	hinged* (optional)	4 (2+2)	See			
Autarkic E frame	Rigid + hinged*	2 (1+1)	identification plate ⁴⁾			
		4 (2+2)	1			

ing hinge fitted between the first articulated frame steering rig and the second articulated frame steering rig (required for autarkic and reinforced hinge tillers, otherwise optional). For E frames, the articulated frame steering rig must consist of two frames of the same type (angular frame + angular frame or tubular frame + tubular frame). In general, articulated frame steering rigs must be moved with an even number of trailers (two or a maximum of four trailers).

1) The tiller length for each frame must be adapted to the preceding frame (when viewed in the drive direction); refer to the chapter entitled "Tiller system".

2) The frame with the largest dimensions must be placed in the first position in the train, the second-largest frame in the second position, etc. Exception to this rule: As soon as a smaller frame has a higher permissible load capacity, it must be positioned right at the front of the train.

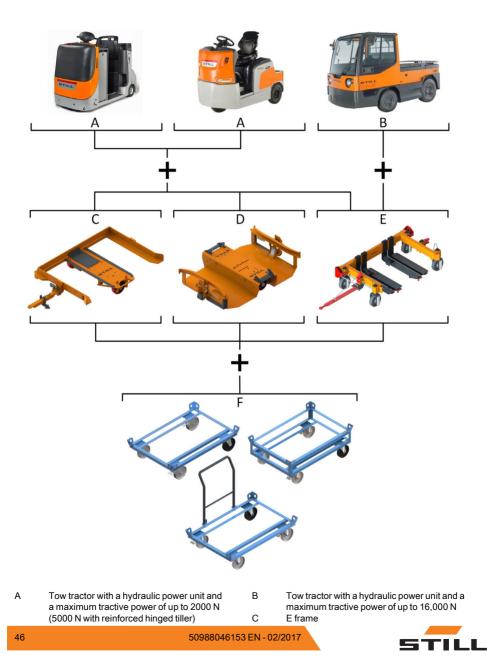
3) Standard frame

4) Max. total load of 4 t across the whole train



Hydraulic system

Assembling



D	B frame
-	~ ~

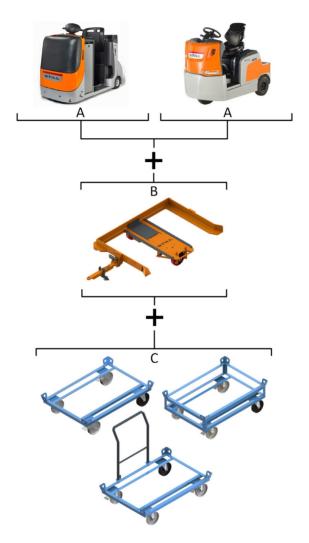
D C frame F Trolleys

Before assembly, refer to the chapters entitled "Tugger train combinations/Overview" and "Requirements for the tow tractor".



Pneumatic system

Assembling



- A Tow tractor with a compressor and a maximum tractive power of up to 2000 N (5000 N with reinforced hinged tiller)
- B E frame
- C Trolleys



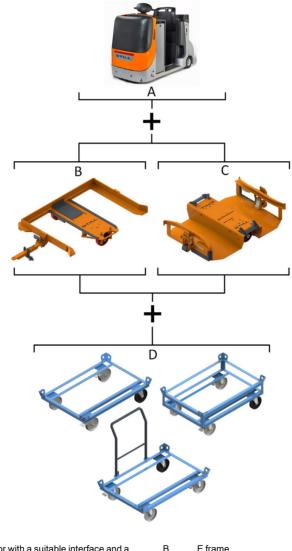
Before assembly, refer to the chapters entitled "Tugger train combinations/Overview" and "Requirements for the tow tractor".



Electrical system

Assembling

4



Α	Tow tractor with a suitable interface and a	В	E frame
	maximum tractive power of up to 2000 N	С	B frame
	(5000 N with reinforced hinged tiller)	D	Trolleys

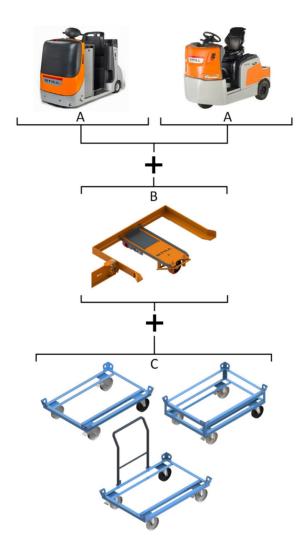


Before assembly, refer to the chapters entitled "Tugger train combinations/Overview" and "Requirements for the tow tractor".



Autarkic system

Assembling



- Tow tractor with a maximum tractive power А of up to 2000 N (5000 N with reinforced hinged tiller)
- Autarkic E frame B C
- Trolleys



Before assembly, refer to the chapters entitled "Tugger train combinations/Overview" and "Requirements for the tow tractor".

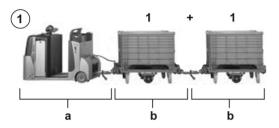


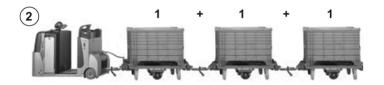
E frames with standard tiller

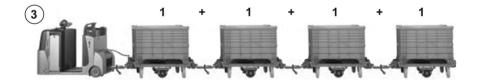
General

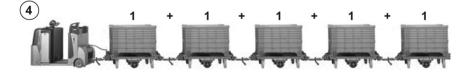
Combinations with standard tiller

Combinations









a Tow tractor

b Permissible number of frames (for combination no. 4, max. weight of load: 4 t)

Note before assembly; refer to the chapter entitled "Tugger-train combinations/Overview"

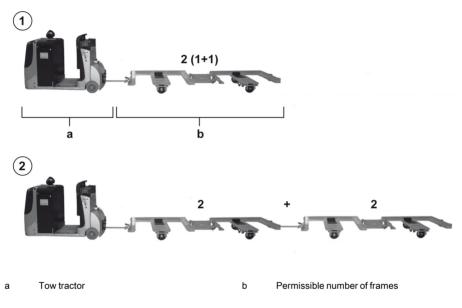


Autarkic E frame

General

Combinations of the autarkic E frame

Combinations



Note before assembly; refer to the chapter entitled "Tugger-train combinations/Overview"

Combinations with 2+2 frames require a compensating hinge between the second frame and the third frame.

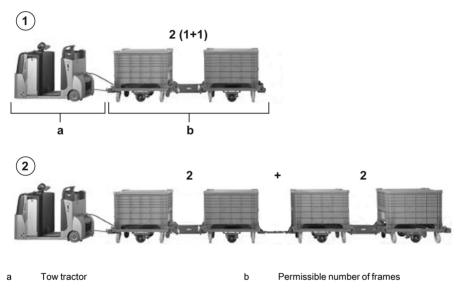


B frames and E frames with articulated steering system

General

Combinations of the B frame or E frame with the articulated steering system

Combinations



Note before assembly; refer to the chapter entitled "Tugger-train combinations/Overview"

Mixing B or E frames with autarkic E frames

Conditions

The mixing of B or E frames and autarkic E frames is permitted in principle, provided that certain conditions are complied with.



Equipment

The following conditions must be adhered to:

- The autarkic E frames must be positioned behind the hydraulic, pneumatic or electrical B and E frames in the tugger train
- A mixed rig of this type must be operated as an articulated steering system
- All of the general conditions for the train apply (weight, size, length of tillers)

Mixing B, C and E frames

Conditions

The mixing of B frames, C frames and E frames is permitted in principle, provided that certain conditions are complied with.

The following conditions must be adhered to:

- B frames, C frames and E frames can be connected together using a C-E-B adaptor
- The C-frames must be positioned in front of the B frames and E frames
- The type of lift must be consistent (hydraulic)
- All of the general conditions for the train apply (weight, size, length of tillers)

Equipment

Angular frame and tubular frame

Frame designs



A Standard 1200 x 800 mm E frame with angular frame



Standard 1600 x 1200 mm E frame with tubular frame



В

4

Equipment

On the 1600 x 1200 mm standard frames, the outer frame (2) is a tubular frame. Smaller frames have angular frames (1).

i NOTE

For E frames, the articulated frame steering rig must consist of two frames of the same type (angular frame-angular frame or tubular frame-tubular frame). Refer to the chapter entitled "Tugger-train combinations/Overview".



5

Operation

Operation

Commissioning the E frames

Safety regulations for commissioning

Driving

A DANGER

Risk of accident from crushing!

- Before moving off, make sure that there are no people on or between the individual frames.
- Observe markings for pedestrian paths and roadways.

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect driving! Reverse travel with the tugger train is prohibited. Tugger trains may only drive over ramps when articulated frame steering rigs are used.

Coupling together

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged if coupled together incorrectly!

The E frames, which cannot be lowered, may only be driven as an articulated steering system.

The articulated steering system must contain an even number of frames (two or four trailers).

For E frames, the articulated steering system must consist of two frames of the same type (angular frame-angular frame or tubular frame-tubular frame).

At the maximum permitted steering angle, the tillers must not make contact with the frames, the hydraulic components, the pneumatic components or the electrical components.



Commissioning the E frames

Loading

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect loading!

The frames must not be loaded or unloaded on gradients.

Make sure that the trolleys are correctly inserted into the frames. The securing bolts (E frame) or locking plates (B frame) must be fully visible.

We recommend attaching four frames to the tow tractor. A total load of 4 t across the entire train must not be exceeded.

Checking the securing bolts for correct function

WARNING

Damage or other defects to the tow tractor or the attached frames can result in accidents.

- If damage or other defects are identified on the frames during the following inspections, do not use these frames until they have been repaired properly.
- Do not remove or deactivate safety systems or switches.

Checking the securing bolts for correct function

- Move the ejector into the rear end position.





Commissioning the E frames

 The securing bolts (see arrow) must extend ▷ at least 26 mm (locking position).



 When the foot pedal is actuated (no interlock), the securing bolts must retract again.

Checking the securing system for correct function

 Check if the trolley can roll out of the lowered E frame despite the securing bolt being extended.



Coupling and uncoupling the E frames

Aligning chassis in drive direction

The chassis are aligned according to the side on which the Trolleys are to be loaded and unloaded.

Loading and unloading the trolleys from the left:

- Set up the chassis in the drive direction with the opening (1) to the left.

Loading and unloading the trolleys from the right:

 Position the frames so that the opening is on the right-hand side in the drive direction.



E chassis

The tiller's orientation when it is mounted on the chassis depends on whether the trolleys are to be loaded into the chassis from the left or right.

Appearance of the frame and tiller may vary slightly from the figure.

Coupling the E frames

WARNING

Risk of trapping or crushing!

- Do not reach into the open coupling.
- The tow tractor and the trailer must be on level ground and must be secured so they cannot roll away.

A CAUTION

A tugger train with E frames must always consist of at least two frames and a tow tractor.

A CAUTION

Risk of damage!

Before coupling and uncoupling the frames, always disconnect the pressure line between multiple frames or the pressure line from the tow tractor.

- The system must be depressurised when uncoupling.
- Only use tillers/hoses in accordance with the table.

The length of the tiller depends on the size of the frame; refer to the chapter entitled "Tiller lengths (standard tiller/articulated steering system)".

 Insert the wide end of the standard tiller into the holding fixture on the side of the frame facing in the drive direction.





 \triangleright

Operation

Commissioning the E frames

- Tighten the clamping bolts on the standard tiller (tightening torque: 30 Nm).
- Tighten the nuts on the clamping bolts (tightening torque: 50 Nm).

This tightening braces the tiller against the E frame and provides protection against lateral swivelling movements.

- Fasten the standard tiller to the frame using an alignment bolt.
- Insert the towing eye of the standard tiller into either the towing jaws of the tow tractor or into the holding fixture of a preceding frame.
- Fasten the towing eye using an alignment bolt.

The alignment bolt prevents the frames becoming uncoupled accidentally. It uses spring force to press the handle of the alignment bolt into the groove in the bolt mounting on the frame to prevent the bolt from slipping out.

In the hydraulics version, both the chassis and the pressure lines are already filled with hydraulic fluid at the factory.

 Connect the pressure lines on the individual frames together or to the pressure lines on the tow tractor. Depending on the design of the tugger train, these lines are either hydraulic lines or pneumatic lines; refer to the chapter entitled "Connecting the plug connector".



Commissioning the E frames

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if they escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, industrial goggles, skin protection and skin care products).
- All other chassis must be attached to chassis in front of them and must be connected to the pressure lines. To do this, proceed as described above.

Uncoupling the E frames

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if they escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, industrial goggles, skin protection and skin care products).

WARNING

Risk of trapping or crushing!

- Do not reach into the open coupling.

 The tow tractor and the trailer must be on level ground and must be secured so they cannot roll away.



Commissioning the E frames

A CAUTION

Risk of damage!

Before coupling and uncoupling the frames, always disconnect the pressure line between multiple frames or the pressure line from the tow tractor.

- The system must be depressurised when coupling or uncoupling.
- Disconnect the pressure line; refer to the chapter entitled "Disconnecting the plug connector".
- Release then pull out the alignment bolt for the towing eye.
- Remove the standard tiller from either the towing jaws of the tow tractor or from the holding fixture of a preceding frame.
- Re-insert the alignment bolt and secure it in place.

The alignment bolt prevents the frames becoming uncoupled accidentally. It uses spring force to press the handle of the alignment bolt into the groove in the bolt mounting on the frame to prevent the bolt from slipping out.

In the hydraulics version, both the chassis and the pressure lines are already filled with hydraulic fluid at the factory.

Loading the E frames

WARNING

Risk of injury from becoming trapped!

- Loading and unloading must only be performed by the driver. Make sure that no other persons are in the vicinity of the frames.
- Do not load or unload the frames on gradients.
- Make sure that the trolleys are correctly inserted into the frames. The securing bolts must be fully visible.



Commissioning the E frames

A CAUTION

Trolleys with heavy and tall loads may tip over when cornering.

- Lash the load to the trolleys if necessary.
- Place the load on the trolleys with the centre of gravity as low as possible.
- Apply the parking brake on the tow tractor to secure it against rolling away.
- The driver must leave the tow tractor to lower the frames. This deactivates the driver detection system and the frames are lowered automatically. The frames can now be unloaded.
- Actuate the foot pedal until the securing bolts are fully retracted.

- Push the trolley into the open side of the E frame until it reaches the stop.







Commissioning the E frames

- When doing so, ensure that the securing bolts (see arrow) are fully extended (locking position) once the trolley has been inserted.
- The trolley is now secured against rolling out.



Unloading the E frames

▲ DANGER

Risk of crushing when unloading the trolleys!

- Never unload on chamfers or gradients.
- When unloading the trolleys, ensure that there is sufficient space to unload the trolleys safely and to manoeuvre the trolleys safely.
- Depending on how heavily a trolley is loaded, the driver must be prepared to exert a greater amount of force to brake or steer the trolley, if necessary.

WARNING

Risk of injury from becoming trapped!

 Loading and unloading must only be performed by the driver. The driver must ensure that no other persons are in the vicinity of the frames.

WARNING

Risk of injury! If you press the foot pedal to unload the trolley, this action will push the trolley out towards you.

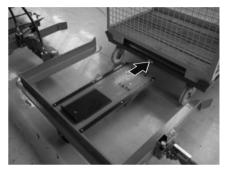
- Remove your foot from the foot pedal immediately after actuating the foot pedal.
- Apply the parking brake on the tow tractor to secure it against rolling away.
- The driver must leave the tow tractor to lower the frames. The frames can now be loaded.



- Commissioning the autarkic E frames
- Actuate the foot pedal of the frame to be unloaded until the securing bolts are fully retracted (unlocked).

- The ejector automatically knocks the trolley ▷ to make the trolley roll out of the frame.
- Pull the trolley straight out of the frame.





Testing before initial commissioning

Before initial commissioning, check the tugger train components for any damage that might have occurred during transport. The operating instructions, in particular the safety information, must be read and understood before commissioning.

Before commencing driving, check:

- · Frames: visual inspection for damage
- · Tillers: visual inspection for damage
- · Supply lines: visual inspection for damage
- Secure fit and condition of the hydraulic, pneumatic and electrical connection assemblies

If parts of the tugger train are damaged, bent or not working, they must be repaired.

Roadways

Before initial commissioning, the roadways must be checked for aisle widths, room for manoeuvring, obstacles, safety distances, space for pedestrian footpaths, curve radii, gradients etc.

A DANGER

Danger of collisions with persons which can result in fatal injuries!

If roadways and walkways are not marked, particular caution is important.

The driver must have the whole tugger train in view.

- Define roadways and walkways clearly.
- Drive carefully.
- If a collision is imminent, safely bring the tugger train to a standstill.



Safety regulations for commissioning

Safety regulations for commissioning the autarkic E frame

Coupling

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect coupling!

- Tugger trains with the autarkic system are only permitted with an articulated steering system.
- If trains with four autarkic E frames are used, a compensating hinge must be fitted between the second E frame and the third E frame.
- At the maximum permitted steering angle, the tillers must not make contact with either the frames or the hydraulic components.

Coupling and uncoupling the autarkic E frames

Aligning frames in the drive direction

The frames are aligned according to the side on which the Trolleys are to be loaded and unloaded.

Loading and unloading trolleys from left:

- Position the frames so that the opening is on the left-hand side in the drive direction.

Loading and unloading trolleys from right:

 Position the frames so that the opening is on the right-hand side in the drive direction.

The tiller's orientation when it is mounted on the frame depends on whether the trolleys are to be loaded into the frame from the left or right.



Coupling the autarkic E frames

WARNING

Risk of trapping or crushing!

- Observe the maximum number of frames and the maximum weight of the load.
- Do not reach into the open coupling.
- The tow tractor and the frames must be on level ground and must be secured so they cannot roll away.

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect coupling!

Tugger trains with the autarkic system are always equipped with an articulated steering system (rigid tiller + hinged tiller) for stability reasons. These tugger trains can be operated with two or four E frames (articulated frame steering rig).

- Insert the wide end of the hinged tiller into the holding fixture on the side of the frame facing in the drive direction.
- Tighten the clamping bolts on the hinged tiller (tightening torque: 30 Nm).
- Tighten the nuts on the clamping bolts (tightening torque: 50 Nm).

The clamping bolts brace the tiller against the E frame and protect the tiller against lateral swivelling movements.

- Fasten the hinged tiller to the frame using an alignment bolt.
- Insert the towing eye of the standard tiller into either the towing jaws of the tow tractor or into the compensating hinge of a preceding articulated frame steering rig.
- Fasten the towing eye using an alignment bolt.

The alignment bolt prevents the frames becoming uncoupled accidentally. Using spring force, the handle of the alignment bolt is pressed into the groove in the bolt



mounting on the frame. The alignment bolt is thus prevented from slipping out.



In the hydraulic version, both the frames and the pressure lines are pre-filled with hydraulic fluid ex works.

Uncoupling the autarkic E frames

- Release the alignment bolt for the towing eye.
- Remove the hinged tiller from either the towing jaws of the tow tractor or from the compensating hinge of a preceding articulated frame steering rig.
- Re-insert the alignment bolt and secure it in place.

Loading the autarkic E frames

WARNING

Risk of injury from becoming trapped!

Loading and unloading must only be performed by the driver. The driver must ensure that no other persons are in the vicinity of the frames.

The frames must not be loaded or unloaded on gradients.

Make sure that the trolleys are correctly inserted into the frames. The securing bolts must be fully visible.

A CAUTION

Trolleys with heavy and tall loads may tip over when cornering.

- Lash the load to the trolleys if necessary.
- Place the load with the centre of gravity as low as possible.
- Apply the parking brake on the tow tractor to secure it against rolling away.



 Actuate the foot pedal until resistance is felt. ▷ The frame is lowered.



 Push the trolley into the open side of the E frame until it reaches the stop. The E frame is raised by 40 mm and the trolley wheels turn freely. A prerequisite for this is sufficient pressure in the accumulator.

- When doing so, ensure that the securing bolts (see arrow) are fully extended (locking position) once the trolley has been inserted.
- The trolley is now secured against rolling out.

Unloading the autarkic E frames

Unloading the autarkic E frames



5



A DANGER

Risk of crushing when unloading the trolleys!

- Never unload on chamfers or gradients.
- When unloading the trolleys, ensure that there is sufficient space to unload the trolleys safely and to manoeuvre the trolleys safely.
- Depending on how heavily a trolley is loaded, the driver must be prepared to exert an appropriate amount of force to brake or steer the trolley, if necessary.

WARNING

Risk of injury from becoming trapped!

 Loading and unloading must only be performed by the driver. The driver must ensure that no other persons are in the vicinity of the frames.

WARNING

Risk of injury! If you press the foot pedal to unload the trolley, this action will push the trolley out towards you.

- Remove your foot from the foot pedal immediately after actuating the foot pedal.
- Apply the parking brake on the tow tractor to secure it against rolling away.
- Actuate the foot pedal until resistance is felt
 the frame is lowered.



- The ejector automatically knocks the trolley ▷ to make the trolley roll out of the frame.
- Pull the trolley straight out of the frame.





Operation

Hydraulic system

Releasing the pressure from the hydraulic system

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluid to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, protection goggles, skin protection and skin care products).

Releasing the pressure from the hydraulic system

- Leave the tow tractor and/or actuate the lift/lower switch on the tow tractor.
- Lift and lower the frame repeatedly until the frame no longer lifts (only on autarkic version).

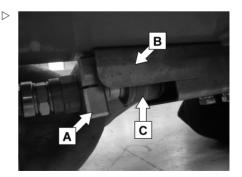
Hydraulic connection to the trailer

Connecting the rotation lock

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluid to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, protection goggles, skin protection and skin care products).





Hydraulic system



Hydraulic system

A CAUTION

Risk of component damage!

- In the event of incorrect assembly, the coupling will become damaged during operation.
- The plug connector and the coupling must always be clean.
- Only use hoses in accordance with the table.
- Couple the frames.
- Release the pressure from the system.
- To prevent the coupling (C) from rotating, lock the rotation lock (A) on the hydraulic connection into the guard plate (B).
- Attach the pressure line. To do this, push the plug firmly into the coupling.

Releasing the rotation lock

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluid to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, protection goggles, skin protection and skin care products).

A CAUTION

Risk of component damage!

In the event of incorrect assembly, the coupling will become damaged during operation.

- Release the pressure from the system.

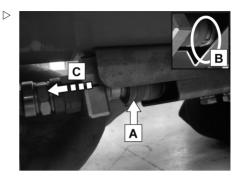


- Turn the ring on the connector sleeve (A) until the two markings on the coupling are aligned (B).
- Press the ring on the connector sleeve in the direction of the ball (B) and disconnect the plug connector (C).

I NOTE

The ball on the coupling must lie in the groove on the connector sleeve!

Appearance of the guard plate on the hydraulic coupling may vary slightly from the figure.





Connecting the plug connector

Connecting

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluid to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, protection goggles, skin protection and skin care products).

A CAUTION

Risk of damage!

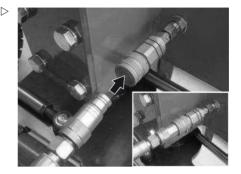
- The plug connector and the coupling must always be clean.
- Only use hoses in accordance with the table.
- Couple the frames.
- Release the pressure from the system.
- Attach the pressure line. To do this, push the plug firmly into the coupling.

Disconnecting the plug connector

Uncoupling

The coupling is secured against being released unintentionally (hydraulic system only).

The coupling can only be disconnected in the correct position (in accordance with the image) (hydraulic system only).





Hydraulic system

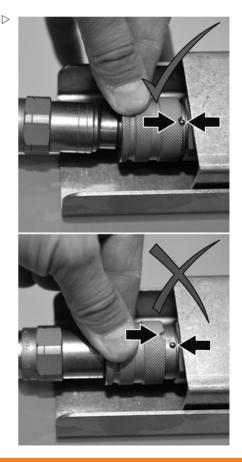
WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluid to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- Penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous if these fluids escape at high pressure due to leaks in the hydraulic system. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, protection goggles, skin protection and skin care products).
- Release the pressure from the system.
- Turn the ring on the connector sleeve until the two markings on the coupling are aligned (hydraulic system only).
- Push the ring in the direction of the connector sleeve and pull out the plug.

i NOTE

The ball on the coupling must lie in the groove on the connector sleeve (hydraulic system only)!





Electrical system

Electrical system

Connection assembly for the electrical system

Lower the system

 Leave the tow tractor or actuate the lift/lower switch on the tow tractor.

Connecting the connection assembly

A CAUTION

Risk of damage!

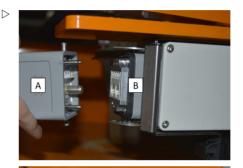
- Protect the plug against contamination and water.
- Lower the system
- Connect the plug (A) to the bush (B).
- Close the locking bracket (C) and ensure that it has properly engaged.
- Fit the end plug (D) on the bush for the last frame or for the tow tractor (when driving without a frame)

Releasing the connection assembly

A CAUTION

Risk of damage!

- Protect the plug against contamination and water.
- Lower the system
- Open the locking bracket (C).
- Disconnect the connection assembly (A / B).
- Fit the end plug (D) on the bush for the last frame or for the tow tractor (when driving without a frame)



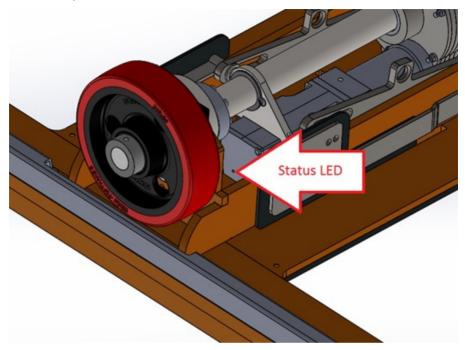




Before assembly, refer to the chapters entitled "Hose lengths and cable lengths" and "Requirements for the tow tractor".



Electrical system error codes



The status LED provides information about the operating status of the motor.

A DANGER

Risk of injury from electrical voltage.

Repair work on the electrical system must only be carried out by an authorised STILL technician.

Green LED	Red LED	Operating status
ON	OFF	Motor ready
OFF	Flashing	Error status, contact STILL technician
OFF	OFF	Device not working, contact STILL technician

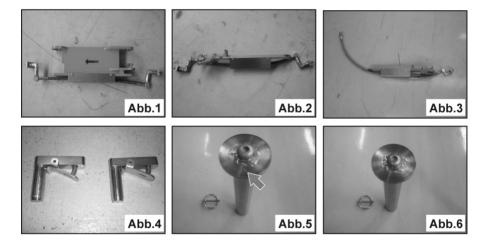


Assembling the articulated steering system (driving over ramps)

Assembling the articulated steering system

(using the example of an E frame - hydraulics routed underneath)

Scope of delivery



Scope of delivery for two frames:

- Figure 1: 1 x rigid tiller with two pre-assembled clamping bolts. Hydraulic hose routed underneath
- Figure 2: 1 x hinged tiller with two preassembled clamping bolts. Hydraulic hose routed underneath to connect two frames
- Figure 3: 1 x hinged tiller with two preassembled clamping bolts. Hydraulic hose routed underneath to connect the tow tractor and a frame
- Figure 4: 2 x alignment bolts (only one required for assembly)
- Figure 5: 1 x socket pin with the marking "5" (see arrow) with linch pin
- Figure 6: 1 x socket pin with linch pin
- 7: 1 x tiller support (not pictured)



Preparation

The following section describes the procedure for a tugger train with two frames when loading and unloading is performed on the left-hand side in the drive direction.

The socket pins and the alignment bolts are pre-assembled when delivered.

The rigid tiller must be fitted between the first \triangleright frame and the second frame (see figure). (Arrow in drive direction).

Assembling the rigid tiller

WARNING

Risk of injury through crushing!

- The frames are heavy. Never place hands or feet underneath the raised frames.
- When raising the frame, always use appropriate devices (wedges, wooden blocks) to prevent rolling or tipping.
- Use only approved hardwood blocks.
- Use appropriate means (wooden blocks) to place the frames and the rigid tiller in a horizontal position.







The two socket pins (with and without the marking **5**) are pre-installed when delivered.

Release the linch pins and pull out the socket pins.



 Screw on the tab (see arrow) for the second ▷ frame in the drive direction.





- Do not tighten the screws. The tab (see arrow) must be loose.

i NOTE

The welded-on ring on the tab (see arrow) must be on the underside. Rotate the tab if necessary.

- Insert the rigid tiller into the tabs on the second frame in the drive direction.

 \triangleright

 \triangleright





Operation

Assembling the articulated steering system (driving over ramps)

 Spray the socket pin with the marking 5 with ▷ Teflon spray.



Insert the socket pin with the marking 5 (tab ▷ must be loose).

A CAUTION

Component damage due to incorrect socket pin!

- Insert the socket pin with the marking "5" into the second frame in the drive direction.
- Secure the socket pin using the linch pin.







- Screw on the tab (see arrow) for the first frame in the drive direction.



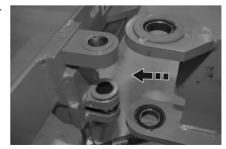
 Do not tighten the screws. The tab must be loose.



The welded-on ring on the tab (see arrow) must be on the top. Rotate the tab if necessary.



 Insert the rigid tiller into the tabs on the first frame in the drive direction.





Spray the unmarked socket pin with Teflon ▷ spray.



 Insert the unmarked socket pin into the first ▷ frame in the drive direction. If necessary, drive in with a Teflon hammer.



- Secure the socket pin using the linch pin.



 Tighten the screws for the tabs (two screws ▷ at both ends of the rigid tiller).



Tighten the clamping bolts of the rigid tiller using the dome nuts (tightening torque 30 Nm).

 Secure the clamping bolts with nuts (tightening torque: 50 Nm).

 \triangleright

INOTE

The clamping bolt braces the tiller against the frame and protects the tiller against lateral swivel-shift movements.

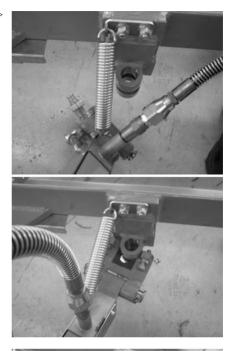






Assembling the hinged tiller

 Before assembly, remove the alignment bolt from the first frame in the drive direction. Then attach the spring and insert the tiller into the towing jaws.



– Insert the alignment bolt and lock it in place. $\,\triangleright\,$





 \triangleright

 Tighten the clamping bolts of the hinged tiller using the dome nuts (tightening torque 30 Nm).

 Secure the clamping bolts with nuts (tightening torque: 50 Nm).

The clamping bolts brace the tiller against the frame and protect the tiller against lateral swivel-shift movements.



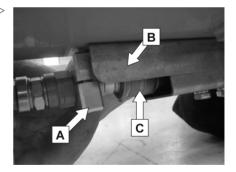


 In order to the prevent the coupling (C) from ▷ turning, securely insert the rotation lock (A) on the hydraulic/pneumatic connection into the guard plate (B) (only with hydraulic and pneumatic systems).

WARNING

Hydraulic fluid is pressurised during operation and is hazardous to your health.

- Do not allow the fluid to come into contact with the skin.
- Avoid inhaling spray.
- If highly pressurised hydraulic fluid escapes from the hydraulic system due to leaks, penetration of hydraulic fluids into the skin is particularly dangerous. In case of such injury, immediate medical assistance is required.
- To avoid injury, use appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g. protective gloves, protection goggles, skin protection and skin care products).





A CAUTION

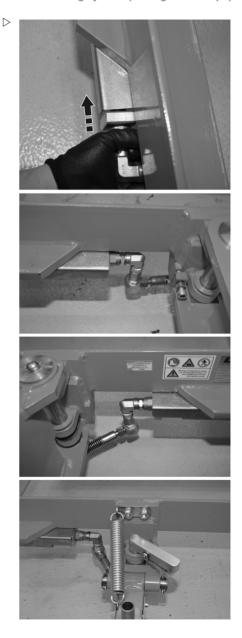
Risk of component damage!

In the event of incorrect assembly, the coupling will become damaged during operation.

Before assembly, release the pressure from the hydraulic system; refer to the chapter entitled "Hydraulic/pneumatic coupling".



- Attach the pressure line. To do this, push the plug firmly into the coupling.





Couple the hinged tiller with the tow tractor. ▷
 Connect the wire to the tow tractor.

NOTE

To release the hydraulic coupling, refer to the chapter entitled "Plug connector".

- The tugger train is ready for use. Additional frames can be fitted to the tugger train by following the same procedure as previously described. Always install the hinged tiller and the rigid tiller alternately; refer to the relevant chapters relating to the position of the components.

Installing and removing the compensating hinge

The following section describes the procedure when loading and unloading is performed on the left-hand side in the drive direction.

Optional (for attaching a second articulated frame steering rig).

Installing

 Insert the compensating hinge into the rear b towing jaws of the first articulated frame steering rig and attach the coupling pin.









 Tighten the clamping bolts evenly (tightening torque: 30 Nm) and secure the clamping bolts with nuts (tightening torque: 50 Nm).



This tightening braces the tiller against the frame and provides protection against lateral swivelling movements.

Removing

- Loosen the nuts and the clamping bolts.

- Release the coupling pin and remove the compensating hinge from the towing jaws.

Installing and removing the hinged tiller

Installing

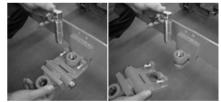
The following section describes the procedure when loading and unloading is performed on the left-hand side in the drive direction.











Operation

Assembling the articulated steering system (driving over ramps)

The image shows the hinged tiller (1) with the compensating hinge (2) between two articulated frame steering rigs (required for autarkic E frames and reinforced hinge tillers, otherwise optional).

For tiller variants, refer to the chapter entitled "Tiller lengths (standard tiller/articulated steering system)".

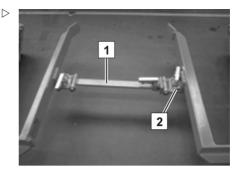
 Insert the hinged tiller into the front towing jaws of the second articulated frame steering rig.

- Insert the coupling pin and lock it in place.

 Evenly tighten the clamping bolts on the hinged tiller (tightening torque: 30 Nm) and secure the clamping bolts with nuts (tightening torque: 50 Nm).



This tightening braces the tiller against the E frame and provides protection against lateral swivelling movements.











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5

- Insert the hinged tiller on the second articulated frame steering rig into the towing jaws of the compensating hinge.
- Insert the coupling pin and lock it in place.

The illustration shows the hinged tiller with the \triangleright compensating hinge between two articulated frame steering rigs.

The figure shows the hinged tiller when loading and unloading is performed on the left-hand side in the drive direction.





Removing

 Unlock the coupling pin for the compensating hinge and pull out the hinged tiller of the rear articulated frame steering rig from the towing jaws of the compensating hinge.





Operation

Assembling the articulated steering system (driving over ramps)

 Loosen the nuts and the clamping bolts on the hinged tiller.



 \triangleright



- Pull out the hinged tiller.

- Pull out the coupling pin.

 \triangleright





Safety regulations when driving

Driving conduct

A DANGER

Risk of accident from crushing!

- Before moving off, make sure that there are no people on or between the individual frames.
- Observe markings for pedestrian paths and roadways.

WARNING

The driver's attention is adversely affected by operating multimedia and communication devices or listening to these devices at an excessive volume during travel or when handling loads. Risk of accident!

- Do not use devices during travel or when handling loads.
- Set the volume so that warning signals can still be heard.

WARNING

In areas where the use of mobile phones is prohibited, it is absolutely not permitted to use a mobile phone or radio telephone.

- Switch off the devices.

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect driving!

- Reverse travel with the tugger train is prohibited.
- Tugger trains with the autarkic system must always be equipped with an articulated steering system for stability reasons.
- At the maximum permitted steering angle, the tillers must not make contact with either the frames or the hydraulic components.

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect operation!

 The driver may only move off if all frames are completely raised.

The driver must comply with the highway code when driving within the plant.

The driver must use an appropriate turning circle depending on the train to be towed and must not corner at more acute angles than this.

The speed must be appropriate to the local conditions.

For example, the driver must drive slowly around corners, in tight passageways, when driving through swing-doors, at blind spots or on uneven roadways.

The driver must always maintain a safe braking distance from vehicles and persons in front, and must always have the tugger train under control. He must avoid stopping suddenly, turning at speed and overtaking in dangerous places or in blind spots.

 Initial driving practice must be carried out in an empty space or on a clear roadway.

The following are forbidden when driving:

- Carrying passengers on the frames or the fork arms
- Walking between the tow tractor and the frame
- Leaning the body over the outer contour of the tow tractor
- Using electronic devices, for example radios, mobile phones etc.



Driving

Driving over ramps

Articulated steering system required for driving over ramps!

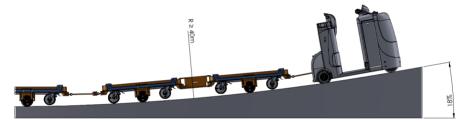
WARNING

Risk of accident from failing to adjust speed!

- Max. speed when driving over ramps: 6 km/h.

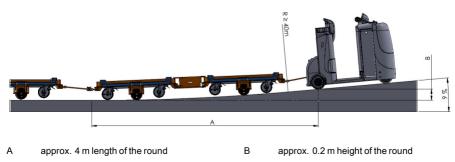
Gradient on the ramp	Comment
Up to 7%	The ends of the ramp do not have to be rounded
7% to 18%	Radius between the horizontal and the chamfer, see diagram

Representation of driving over ramps with gradients from 7% to 18%



The transition from horizontal surfaces onto gradients must have at least a radius of R > 40 m at the entry and exit.

Representation of guide values for driving over ramps using an example of a ramp with a 9% gradient





E frames (standard tiller)

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by driving on upward or downward gradients!

It is forbidden to drive on ramps.

Reverse travel

Reverse travel

Frames, tillers and hydraulic components are severely damaged by reverse travel. The operational safety is then no longer guaranteed!

A CAUTION

Components can be damaged by incorrect driving!

- Reverse travel with the tugger train is prohibited.



Driving

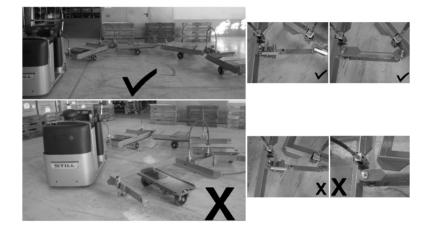
Steering angle



Components can be damaged by incorrect driving!

 At the maximum permitted steering angle, the tillers must not make contact with either the frames or the hydraulic components.

For illustrative purposes



INOTE

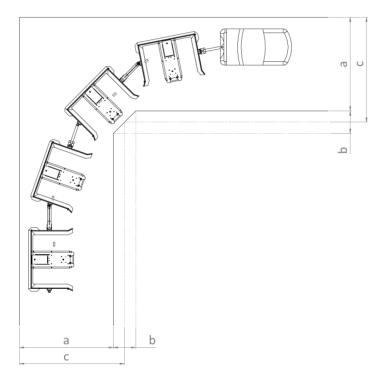
Recommendation: Perform a test drive to check the steering angle.



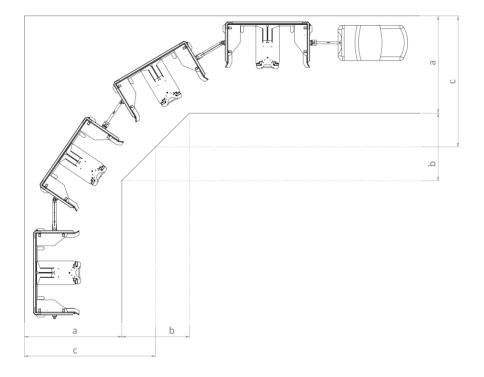
Roadways

Minimum aisle widths for E frames

For 90° curves, depending on the length of the train





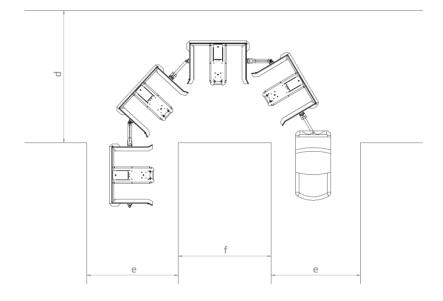




Minimum aisle widths for E frames in 90°	Number of E frames	Length of train [mm] without a	Aisle width "a" with corner chamfer [mm]	Corner chamfer "b" [mm]	Aisle width "c" without corner chamfer [mm]	
curves*		tow tractor	(without oncom	ing traffic) with	CX-T/LTX 70	
LiftRunner E frame	2	3800	2010/2010	0/0	2010/2010	
1200 x 800 mm	4	7590	2010/2010	500/500	2260/2260	
LiftRunner E frame	2	4080	2210/2210	0/0	2210/2210	
1200 x 1000 mm	4	8160	2210/2210	500/1000	2460/2710	
LiftRunner	2	5340	2070/2070	500/500	2320/2320	
E frame 800 x 600 mm can hold double loads	4	10670	2070/2070	1500/1500	2820/2820	
LiftRunner E frame	2	5640	2260/2260	500/500	2510/2510	
L frame 1000 x 600 mm can hold double loads	4	11270	2260/2260	1500/1500	3010/3010	
This table shows only the technical values for a standard frame. Different dimensions, additional units etc. may produce different values.						
* Depending on country-specific and company-specific safety regulations						



For 180° curves, depending on the length of the train







Minimum aisle widths for E frames in 180°	Number of E frame	Length of train [mm] without a	Aisle width "d" [mm]	Aisle width "e" [mm]	Distance between the aisles "f" [mm]	Aisle width [mm] in loading and unloading zones
curves*		tow tractor	(without onc LTX 70	coming traffic)	with CX-T /	with CX-T / LTX 70
LiftRunner	2	3800	2200/2400	2000/2000	2000/2000	2900/2900
E frame 1200 x 800 mm	4	7590	3000/3200	2000/2000	2000/2000	2900/2900
LiftRunner	2	4080	2500/2700	2300/2300	2000/2000	3300/3300
E frame 1200 x 1000 mm	4	8160	3300/3500	2300/2300	2000/2000	3300/3300
LiftRunner E frame	2	5340	2500/2600	2500/2500	2000/2000	2955/2955
800 x 600 mm can hold double loads	4	10670	3500/3600	2500/2500	2000/2000	2955/2955
LiftRunner	2	5640	2500/2600	3000/3000	2000/2000	3355/3355
E frame 1000 x 600 mm can hold double loads	4	11270	3500/3600	3000/3000	2000/2000	3355/3355
This table shows only the technical values for a standard frame. Different dimensions, additional units etc. may produce different values.						
* Depending on country-specific and company-specific safety regulations						





6

Maintenance

Safety regulations for maintenance

General information

General information

6

To prevent accidents during service work and inspections, all necessary safety measures must be taken, e.g.:

- Place the frames on which service work or repair work is to be performed on a level surface in a cordoned-off, safe location.
- Secure the frames to prevent them from rolling away during all service work and repair work.
- Place the frames on which service work or repair work is to be performed on a solid, level surface.
- Jack up the frames in a horizontal position so that both wheels rotate freely and it is possible to work while maintaining an ergonomic posture.

Safety devices

After service work and repair work, all safety devices must be reinstalled and checked to ensure that they are in working order.

Maintenance instructions

Maintenance work must be carried out in accordance with the following maintenance intervals. The intervals are defined for standard use. Shorter maintenance intervals can be defined in consultation with the operating company, depending on the application conditions of the tow tractor/frame.

The following factors may necessitate shorter maintenance intervals:

- Dirty, poor-quality roadways
- · Dusty or salty air
- · High levels of air humidity
- Extremely high or low ambient temperatures, or extreme changes in temperature
- Multi-shift operation with a long operating time



- Specific national regulations for the frame or individual components
- Outdoor use

For maintenance tasks, only use original spare parts, and only use consumables that have been prescribed in the overview of consumables.

Personnel qualifications

Qualifications of personnel

Service work and inspections must be performed correctly by qualified and authorised personnel using suitable tools. The annual testing must be conducted by a specialist. The specialist's evaluation must be unaffected by operational and economic conditions and be conducted solely from a safety standpoint. The specialist must have the sufficient knowledge and experience to be able to assess the condition of the frames and the effectiveness of the protective devices according to technical conventions and the principles for testing industrial trucks.

Working on the hydraulic equipment

The hydraulic system must be depressurised prior to all work on the system.

Checking the hydraulic system for leaks



WARNING

Hydraulic oil under pressure can escape from leaking lines and cause injuries to the skin.

Wear suitable protective gloves, industrial goggles etc.



Safety regulations for maintenance

WARNING

Hydraulic hoses become brittle!

Hydraulic hoses should not be used longer than 6 years.

The specifications of BGR 237 should be complied with. Deviating national laws are to be taken into account.

Check pipe and hose connection screw joints for leaks (traces of oil).

Hose lines must be changed if:

- The outer layer has been breached or becomes brittle with tears
- · They are leaking
- There are unnatural deformations (e.g. bubble formation or buckling)
- · A fitting is detached from the hose
- · A fitting is badly damaged or corroded

Pipes must be changed if:

- · There is abrasion with the loss of material
- There are unnatural deformations and detectable bending stress
- · They are leaking



Maintenance intervals for the E frames

Maintenance intervals for the E frames

Summary table of maintenance tasks for the E frames.

Unit	Task	Daily	Quarterly
	Check if the trolley can roll out of the lowered E frame despite the securing bolt being extended	x	
	Carry out a functional test on the securing bolts and the lifting function (of the E frames)	x	
	Clean the securing bolts on the E frame, check the bolts for damage and correct operation, spray the bolts		x
	Check the bearings on the securing bolts (ease of movement)		x
Ohaasia	Clean the mechanism on the E frame		x
Chassis	Check the mechanism for general ease of movement		x
	Check that all bolts and nuts are present and that they are securely fitted		x
	Check for the red warning colour on the securing bolts		x
	Check that the springs are operating correctly		x
	Check that all moving parts are present and check for signs of wear		x
	Check the tillers for wear		Annually
	Check the pressure lines and pres- sure connections for leaks		x
Hydraulics/pneu- matics	Check the hoses for wear points (leaks)		x
	Check the gasket on the hydraulic cylinders for leaks		x
Wheels	Check the wheels for wear and ease of movement		x
wheels	Grease the wheel bearings via the lubricating nipples on the wheels		x
	Check cables for defects		x
Electrics	Check that the connecting plug is secure and check for loose parts		x
	Clean the antistatic belt and check it for wear		х



Maintenance intervals for the autarkic E frames

Maintenance intervals for the autarkic E frames

Summary table of maintenance tasks for the autarkic E frames.



Before performing maintenance, enter the tow tractor and drive approx. 25 m. The hydraulic accumulators in the frames are now charged.

Unit	Task	Daily	Quarterly
	Check if the trolley can roll out of the frame despite the securing bolts being in the securing position	x	
	Carry out a functional test on the securing bolts and the lifting function (of the E frames)	x	
	Clean the securing bolts on the E frame, check the bolts for damage and correct operation, spray the bolts		x
	Check the bearings on the securing bolts (ease of movement)		х
	Clean the mechanism on the E frame		x
Chassis	Check the mechanism for general ease of movement		x
Chassis	Check that all bolts and nuts are present and that they are securely fitted		x
	Check for the red warning colour on the securing bolts		x
	Check that the springs are operating correctly		x
	Check the lines and the connections for leaks		x
	Check the oil level and top up if necessary		x
	Check that all moving parts are present and check for signs of wear		x
	Check the tillers for wear		Annually
	Check the pressure lines and pres- sure connections for leaks		х
Hydraulics	Check the gasket on the hydraulic cylinders for leaks		х
	Check the hoses for wear points (leaks)		х



Maintenance intervals for the autarkic E frames

6

	Check the wheels for wear and ease of movement	x
Wheels	Grease the wheel bearings via the lubricating nipples on the wheels	x
Drive	Check the drive belt for wear and replace if necessary	x



Consumables

Consumables for service work

C frame

Unit	Consumable	Specification					
Lubricating nipple bearing wheel guides	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825					
Securing bolts	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray					
Ejector tread	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray					
Moving parts of the fork arms	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray					
Lubricating nipple for the wheels	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825					

E frame						
Unit	Consumables	Specification				
Securing bolts	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray				
E chassis mechanism	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray				
Lubricating nipple for the wheels	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825				
Gearbox lubricating nipple (electrical version only)	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825				

"Autarkic" E frame						
Unit	Consumables	Specification				
Securing bolts	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray				
E chassis mechanism	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray				
Lubricating nipple for the wheels	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825				
Oil tank	Oil	HLP 46				

B frame							
Unit	Consumable	Specification					
B frame mechanism	Lubricant	PTFE Longlife Teflon spray					
Lubricating nipple for the wheels	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825					
Gearbox lubricating nipple (electrical version only)	Grease	Lubricating grease KP 2 K-30 DIN 51825					

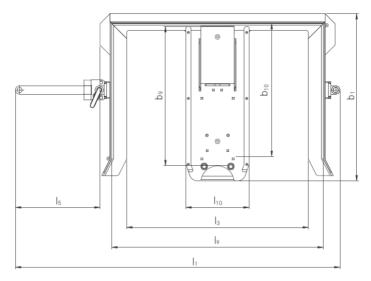


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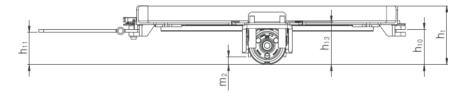
Technical data

Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold single loads

Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold single loads



Top view



Side view



Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold single loads

	Manufacturer			STILL		STILL	
	Manufacturer's type designation			E frame		LiftRunner E frame 1200 x 1000 r	nm
Key data	Load dimension (length x width)		mm	1210 x 810		1210 x 1010	
	Load capacity ¹	Q	kg	600	1000	600	1000
Weight	Net weight		kg	158	170	188	200
	Tyres			Polyurethane		Polyurethane	
Wheels-	Tyre size		mm	Ø 200		Ø 200	
/chassis frame	Number of wheels			2 (axle beam)		2 (axle beam))
	Track width	b1 0	mm	800		1000	



Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold single loads

	Total height lowered/raised	h1	mm	310/350	310/350
	Lift	h3	mm	40	40
	Coupling height lowered/raised	h1 0	mm	185/225	185/225
	Height when lowered (clearance height)	h ₁ 3	mm	228	228
	Length of loading surface/max. length of the trolley ²	l ₃	mm	1270	1270
Basic dimen-	Tiller length	l5	mm	533	683
sions	Width of loading surface	b9	mm	837	1037
	Overall length	l ₁	mm	1953	2095
	Overall width	b1	mm	1007	1207
	Ground clearance at the centre of the wheelbase lowered/raised	m2	mm	25/65	25/65
	Turning radius CX-T / LTX 70	W₋ a	mm	1950/2100	2100/2250
	Length of opening in the frame (internal dimension of the frame)	lg	mm	1090	1090
	Length of the centre plate	l ₁₀	mm	380	380
	Height of the tiller lowered/raised	h1 1	mm	170/210	170/210
Perfor- mance data	Max. driving speed ³		km/h	15	15
Other	Coupling			Articulated steering system	Articulated steering system



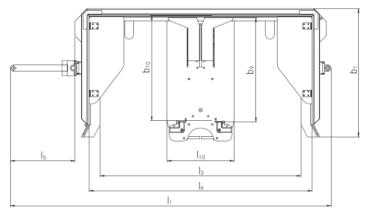
¹For multiple trailers, the maximum towing load across the entire tugger train is 4 t (depending on the maximum towing load of the tow tractor)

²Applies only when using STILL LiftRunnertrolleys

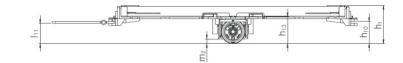
³Depending on the tow tractor

This type sheet, based on VDI directive 2198, states only the technical values of the standard device. Different tyres, lift masts, additional units etc. may produce different values.

Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold double loads



Top view



Side view



Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold double loads

	Manufacturer			STILL	STILL
	Manufacturer's type designation			LiftRunner E frame can hold double loads 800 x 600 mm	LiftRunner E frame can hold double loads 1000 x 600 mm
Key data	Load dimension (length x width)		mm	1210 x 810/ 820 x 630	1210 x 1010/ 1010 x 630
	Load capacity ¹	Q	kg	1 trolley: 1000 2 trolleys: 2 x 500	1 trolley: 1000 2 trolleys: 2 x 500
Weight	Net weight		kg	254	285
	Tyres			Polyurethane	Polyurethane
Wheels-	Tyre size		mm	Ø 200	Ø 200
/chassis frame	Number of wheels			2 (axle beam)	2 (axle beam)
	Track width	b1 0	mm	845	1045



		-									
	Total height lowered/raised	h1	mm	310/350	310/350						
	Lift	h3	mm	40	40						
	Coupling height lowered/raised	h1 0	mm	185/225	185/225						
	Height when lowered (clearance height)	h ₁ 3	mm	228	228						
	Length of loading surface/max. length of the trolley ²	l ₃	mm	1786	786						
Basic	Tiller length	l5	mm	683	833						
dimen- sions	Width of loading surface	b9	mm	834	1034						
	Overall length	l ₁	mm	2568	2718						
	Overall width	b1	mm	1062	1262						
	Ground clearance at the centre of the wheelbase lowered/raised	m2	mm	40/80	40/80						
	Turning radius CX-T / LTX 70	W- a	mm	3100/3200	3250/3350						
	Length of opening in the	l9	mm	1610	1610						
	Length of the centre plate	I ₁₀	mm	536	536						
	Height of the tiller lowered/raised	h1 1	mm	170/210	170/210						
Perfor- mance data	Max. driving speed ³		km/h	15	15						
Other	Coupling			Articulated steering system	Articulated steering system						



Technical data for E frame - variant that can hold double loads

¹For multiple trailers, the maximum towing load across the entire tugger train is 4 t (depending on the maximum towing load of the tow tractor)

²Applies only when using STILL LiftRunnertrolleys

³Depending on the tow tractor

This type sheet, based on VDI directive 2198, states only the technical values of the standard device. Different tyres, lift masts, additional units etc. may produce different values.



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STILL GmbH

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